

identifying data deleted to
prevent clearly unwarranted
invasion of personal privacy

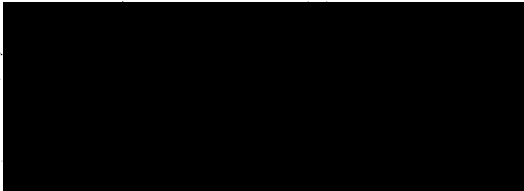
B 6

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
20 Mass, Rm. A3042, 425 I Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20529

PUBLIC COPY



**U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services**

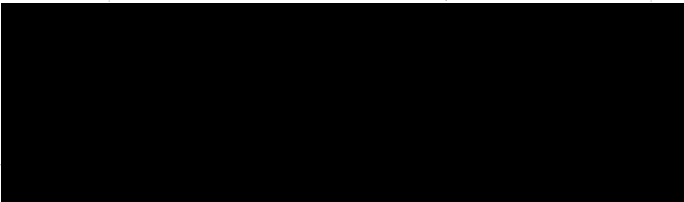


FILE: WAC 02 198 52963 Office: CALIFORNIA SERVICE CENTER Date: **SEP 08 2004**

IN RE: Petitioner: [Redacted]
Beneficiary: [Redacted]

PETITION: Immigrant Petition for Alien Worker as a Skilled Worker or Professional Pursuant to
Section 203(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)

ON BEHALF OF PETITIONER:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The employment-based immigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, California Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be summarily dismissed.

The petitioner seeks to classify the beneficiary pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1153(b)(3) as a skilled worker or professional. As required by statute, a Form ETA 750, Application for Alien Employment Certification, approved by the Department of Labor, accompanies the petition. The director determined that the petitioner had not established that it had the continuing ability to pay the beneficiary the proffered wage beginning on the priority date of the visa petition. The director also determined that the beneficiary did not meet the experience requirements as set forth on the ETA 750.

On appeal, counsel indicates that he would submit a brief and/or evidence to the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) within 30 days. Counsel states, "Alien does indeed possess employment experience and educational background as stated in the ETA 750 Labor Certification. Employer does indeed have the ability to pay proffered [sic] wage."

Counsel dated the appeal February 14, 2003. As of this date, more than 19 months later, the AAO has received nothing further.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(a)(1)(v) provides that "[a]n officer to whom an appeal is taken shall summarily dismiss any appeal when the party concerned fails to identify specifically any erroneous conclusion of law or statement of fact for the appeal."

In this case, the bare assertion of error is not a sufficient basis for a substantive appeal. It does not specifically address errors in the director's decision.

As the petitioner has failed to identify specifically an erroneous conclusion of law or a statement of fact as a basis for the appeal, the appeal must be summarily dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is summarily dismissed.